Wilsonart® 110 Adhesive Solvent



MSDS Number: 16374

1

Revision Date: 1/3/2008

Page 1 of 8

PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Common NameWilsonart® 110 Adhesive SolventMANUFACTURERWILSONART INTERNATIONAL, INC.
P.O. BOX 6110 - 2400 WILSON PLACE
TEMPLE, TX 76503
INFORMATION PHONE: 800-433-3222 (USA)Trade NameWA 110 adhesive solventMATERIAL USESCleaning solvent for laminates.Revision #20IN CASE OF EMERGENCY CONTACT

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (USA) 703-527-3887 (INTERNATIONAL)

2 **HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION Route of Entry:** Absorbed through skin. Skin contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion. **Target Organs:** None. Inhalation: Material is irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Narcotic effect; may cause nervous system disturbances. Peripheral neuropathy (numbness in limbs). Central nervous system depression. Severe over-exposure can result in death. Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation. Permeator (absorbed through intact skin). Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation. Ingestion: Ingestion may cause severe gastric disturbances.

Emergency Overview DANGER!

EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR, VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. HARMFUL IF INHALED OR SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Potential Chronic Health Effects: May cause irritation of respiratory tract, coughing, shortness of breath. Exposure to high concentrations can cause dizziness, lightheadness, headache, nausea, and blurrred vision. Higher levels may cause unconsciousness. Long term skin contact to solvents may produce defatting of the skin and dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of vapors may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Severe over-exposure can produce lung damage, choking, unconsciousness or death.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Overexposure: Pre-existing eye and skin disorders.

Overexposure/Signs/Symptoms: Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening.

See Toxicological Information (section 11)

WILSONART

Wilsonart® 110 Adhesive Solvent

MSDS Number: 16374

Revision Date: 1/3/2008

Page	2	of	8
------	---	----	---

HMIS (United States):		
	2*	
FLAMMABILITY	3	
REACTIVITY	0	
PPE	С	



*See Section 11

WHMIS (Canada): B2, D2



3	COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS		
Name	CAS#	% by Weight	
Light hydrotreat distillate	ed 68410-97-9	30 - 50	
n-Hexane n-Pentane	110-54-3 109-66-0	1.5% max. 23% max.	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	7.5% max.	
Acetone Toluene	67-64-1 108-88-3	15 - 40 15 - 40	

4	FIRST AID MEASURES
Inhalation:	Remove victim to a well ventilated area. Seek immediate medical attention.
Skin Contact:	Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. If the product is absorbed into clothing, remove clothing from the body as quickly as possible. Place the victim under a deluge shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. If irritation occurs, seek medical attention.
Eye Contact:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion:	DO NOT induce vomiting. Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis. Have conscious person drink several glasses of water or milk. NEVER give an unconcious person something to drink. Seek immediate medical attention.

Notes to Physician: Sudden death due to ventricular fibrillation has been reported from acute inhalation in chronic

Wilsonart® 110 Adhesive Solvent



MSDS Number: 16374

Revision Date: 1/3/2008

Page 3 of 8

solvent abusers. Treat patient supportively. Life support measures should be provided because CNS depression cardiopulmonary failure, and metabolic acidosis have been reported in massive overexposures.

5

6

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point:	
Flash Point Method:	
Autoignition Temperature:	
LEL:	
UEL:	
Flammability Classification:	

-14.7°C (5.5 °F) CLOSED CUP The lowest known value is 225°C (437°F). 2% 13% Flammable.

Hazardous decomposition products of combustion include carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

Highly flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat. Slightly flammable in presence of oxidizing materials, of reducing materials, of combustible materials. Non-flammable in presence of moisture.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available. Slightly explosive to explosive in presence of oxidizing materials.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions: Flammable liquid. SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. All electrical equipment in the spray area must be rated for flammable liquids. [Dispensing - Class I, Division 1 / Storage area rated Class I, Division 2] When dispensing, bond and ground all containers.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: All electrical equipment in the spray area must be rated for flammable liquids. [Dispensing - Class I, Division 1 / Storage area rated Class I, Division 2] When dispensing, bond and ground all containers.

Protective Clothing (Fire): Fire fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Small Spill and Leak: Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Large Spill and Leak: Flammable liquid. Evacuate personnel to a safe area. Eliminate all ignition sources. Stop leak if without risk. Ventilate area. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal container. Do not use metal tools or equipment.

7	HANDLING AND STORAGE
Handling Precautions	S: To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by using proper bonding and grounding of containers and equipment before transferring material. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.
Storage Requiremen	ts: Flammable materials should be stored in a separate safety storage cabinet or room. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Ground all equipment containing material. Keep out of reach

WILSONART

Wilsonart® 110 Adhesive Solvent

MSDS Number: 16374

9

Revision Date: 1/3/2008

Page 4 of 8

of children.

8	EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL P	ROTECTION	
Engineering Controls	concentrations of vapors below t	her engineering controls to keep the airborne heir respective threshold limit value. Ensure that fety shower are proximal to the work-station location.	
Protective Equipment	case of insufficient ventilation, w vapor cartridges with dust/mist p neoprene). No special foot wear Personal Protection in Case of a	Wear splash goggles or safety glasses with side shields. Wear synthetic apron. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear an approved (NIOSH) respirator with organic vapor cartridges with dust/mist pre-filter. Wear appropriate gloves (Viton, nitrile, or neoprene). No special foot wear are necessary if the product is used as intended. Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill: A self contained breathing apparatus	
	Gloves (Viton, nitrile, or neopren	on of the product. Boots. Full suit. Splash goggles. e).	
Exposure Guidelines	Other: Product Name	Exposure Limits	
	Light hydrotreated mg/m3 distillate	ACGIH (TWA): 500 ppm, NIOSH 350	
	n-Hexane	ACGIH (TWA): 50 ppm OSHA (TWA): 500 ppm	
	n-Pentane	ACGIH (TWA): 600 ppm, OSHA (TWA): 1000 ppm NIOSH (TWA): 120 ppm, 610 ppm CL	
	Cyclohexane	ACGIH (TWA): 100 ppm OSHA/NIOSH (TWA): 300 ppm	
	Acetone STEL	ACGIH (TWA): 500 ppm, 750 ppm	
	- 1	OSHA (TWA): 1000 ppm	
	Toluene	ACGIH (TWA): 50 ppm OSHA (TWA): 200 ppm, 300 ppm CL	

Consult local authorities and local regulations for exposure limits.

Appearance:	Clear Colorless Liquid.		
Physical State:	Liquid.	Boiling Point:	55.556°C (132°F)
Odor:	Strong Solvent Odor.	Freezing/Melting Pt.:	May start to solidify at -94.5°C (-138.1°F) based or data for: Toluene. Weighted average: -95.02°C (-139°F)
pH:	Not Available.	Solubility:	Insoluble in water.
Vapor Pressure:	185 mm of Hg (@ 20°C)	Spec Grav./Density:	6.26 lbs./gal.
Vapor Density:	The highest known value is 3.14 (Air = 1) (Toluene). Weighted average: 2.73 (Air = 1)		
VOC: Evap. Rate:		g/Liter). VHAP: 1.52 lbs./gal.	(182 g/L). hted average: 6.11compared to Bu

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES





MSDS Number: 16374

Revision Date: 1/3/2008

Page 5 of 8

Molecular Weight:	Not Applicable.
Viscosity:	Not Available.
Percent Volatile:	100%
Molecular Formula:	Not Applicable.

Composite Partial Pressure: 109 mm Hg (@ 20°C).

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	The product is stable.
Conditions to avoid:	Keep away from sources of ignition.
Materials to avoid (incompatability):	Reactive with oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, and alkalis.
Hazardous Decomposition products:	Products of Combustion include carbon oxides (CO, CO2)
Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not polymerize.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity to Animals: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 2600 mg/kg [Rat]. (Toluene).

Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 12210 mg/kg [Rabbit]. (Toluene). Acute oral toxicity (LD50) 8.0 ml/kg (rat). (Cyclohexane). Anesthetic to mice at 7% concentration in 10 min. (n-pentane), Inhalation 40% dose resulted in death of mice (n-pentane). Inhalation 15,000 ppm fatal within 70 min. (mice).

Chronic Effects on Humans:

11

13

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not classifiable for human or animal.

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Classified none for human.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified PROVEN for human [Toluene].

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Development toxin [PROVEN] [Toluene].

Causes damage to the following organs: kidneys, liver, central nervous system (CNS).

N-hexane is a neurotoxin. Toluene has been reported to have caused spontaneous abortion in women that intentionally concentrated and inhaled its vapors. Toluene, cyclohexane, and n-pentane can cause CNS depression. Peripheral neuropathy (numbress in limbs).

Other Toxic Effects on Humans: No additional information.

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: No additional remark.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: No additional information.

Special Remarks on Other Toxic Effects on Humans: Persons with pre-existing skin disorders may be more susceptible to the effects of solvents.

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Not available. BOD5 and COD: Not available. Biodegradable/OECD: Not available. Mobility: Not available. Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: Not available. Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: No additional remark.

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Information Spilled, contaminated, or waste material should be put into a suitable container and handled according to local, state/provincial, and federal regulations. Contact a qualified waste management company in your area for assistance. EMPTY CONTAINERS: Empty containers should be either reconditioned by CERTIFIED firms or properly disposed of by APPROVED firms. Disposal of containers should be in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. "Empty" drums





MSDS Number: 16374

Revision Date: 1/3/2008

Page 6 of 8

should not be given to individuals. Serious accidents have resulted from the misuse of "emptied" containers. Residual vapors in the container(s) may be explosive. Do not cut, weld, or braze these containers.

Waste Stream Not available.

Dispose of according to Federal, state, and local regulations.

14

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Classification: Class 3: Flammable liquid. Flammable liquids n.o.s. (contains toluene, acetone), 3, UN1993, II, Limited Quantity: 1 L

Marine Pollutant: Not a marine pollutant.

Special Provisions for Transport: 1 Liter or less may use Limited Quantity exceptions (49CFR 173.150)

ADR/RID Classification: Class 3: Flammable liquid.

IMO/IMDG Classification: Class 3: Flammable liquid.

ICAO/IATA Classification: Class 3: Flammable liquid.

15

REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations

OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200) - Hazardous.

CERCLA Reportable quantity (Rq) values:		
Acetone	5000 lbs.	
n-Hexane	5000 lbs.	
Cyclohexane	1000 lbs.	
Toluene	1000 lbs.	

TSCA inventory: acetone, toluene, cyclohexane, n-pentane, n-hexane, light hydrotreated distillate.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: none.

SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: none.

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: none.

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution, chemical inventory: none.

SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: acetone, toluene, cyclohexane, n-pentane, n-hexane. CWA 307: None.

CWA 307: None. CWA 311: None.

CAA 112 accidental release prevention: n-pentane.

CAA 112 regulated flammable substances: n-pentane.

CAA 112 regulated toxic substances: n-pentane.

International Regulations

EINECS - The chemicals in this product are listed. DSL - acetone, toluene, cyclohexane, n-pentane, n-hexane, light hydrotreated distillate. WHIMS - B5, D2B

State Regulations

Pennsylvania RTK: acetone, toluene, cyclohexane, n-pentane, n-hexane. New Jersey RTK: acetone, toluene, cyclohexane, n-pentane, n-hexane. Massachusetts RTK: acetone, toluene, cyclohexane, n-pentane, n-hexane. California Prop. 65: Warning. This product contains toluene that is known to the stae of California to cause

Wilsonart® 110 Adhesive Solvent



MSDS Number: 16374

Revision Date: 1/3/2008

Page 7 of 8

reproductive toxicity.

OTHER INFORMATION

References

16

Lewis, R. J., Rapid Guide to Hazardous Chemicals in the Workplace, 4th ed., Wiley-Interscience, New York, 2000. NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, Department of Health and Human Services, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, 2004.

TLVs and BEIs, Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents & Biological Exposure Agents, ACGI Worldwide, Cincinnati, 2003.

Glossary

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials ADR - Agreement on Dangerous Goods by Road (Europe) **BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days CAA - Clean Air Act CAS - Chemical Abstracts Services CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act** CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensations and Liability Act **CFR - Code of Federal Regulations CWA - Clean Water Act DOT - Department of Transportation** DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) **DSL - Domestic Substance List (Canada)** EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union **EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances HCS - Hazard Communication System HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System** IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50% LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration **NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health NTP - National Toxicology Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act** SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada) TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average **TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act** WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (USA) 703-527-3887 (International)



Wilsonart® 110 Adhesive Solvent

MSDS Number: 16374

Revision Date: 1/3/2008

Page 8 of 8

manufacturer nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

END OF MSDS DOCUMENT